IN THE CLAIMS

This is a complete and current listing of the claims, marked with status identifiers in parentheses. The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

1.	(Currently Amended) A computer-aided selection method for
a par	ct of a volume, comprising:
	wherein a computer (1)evaluatesevaluating,
	using a computer, only the a selected part of the
	volumewhich, in particular, is displayed via an output
	medium (4),
	_
	—wherein the <u>selected</u> part is in the form of a
	polyhedron with polyhedron surfaces, with (A1 A14)
	wherein each polyhedron surface (A1 A14) isbeing
	bounded by polyhedron edges—(L1 L23), and with
	wherein each polyhedron edge (L1 L23) is being bounded
	by polyhedron corners $(E1 - E10, E4')$ and bounds bounding
	two, and only two, polyhedron surfaces-,
	(A1 — A14),
chara	neterized wherein
	in that the polyhedron corners (E1 E10, E4') are
	$\frac{1}{2}$ predetermined for the computer $\frac{1}{2}$ in order to determine
	the selected part, and
	in that wherein the polyhedron edges (L1 L23) and
	polyhedron surfaces $\frac{(\lambda 1 - \lambda 14)}{(\lambda 1 + \lambda 14)}$ are determined
	automatically by the computer $\frac{(1)}{}$ on the basis of the
	predetermined polyhedron corners (E1 E10, E4').

 (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 1, wherein

characterized

- in that a user (9) preferably interactively predetermines repositioning for one of the polyhedron corners (E4) for the computer—(1), and in that wherein the computer (1) then redetermines those polyhedron edges (L6, L11, L12) and polyhedron surfaces—(A2 A4) which contain the repositioned polyhedron corner—(E4') in order to determine the selected part.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 2,

characterized

in that wherein at least one of the polyhedron surfaces (for example A3) which contain the polyhedron corner (E4) to be repositioned is in the form of a polygon with more than three polyhedron corners (E1 E4), and in that wherein this polyhedron surface (A3) is replaced by the computer (1) by polyhedron surfaces (A7, A8) which are in the form of triangles, and each containing one polyhedron edge (L4, L5) which is not bounded by the polyhedron corner (E4) to be repositioned of the polygon (A3) as well as the repositioned polyhedron corner (E4').

4. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 2, wherein

characterized

- in that at least one of the polyhedron surfaces—(for example A3) which contain the polyhedron corner (E4)—to be repositioned is a polygon with more than three polyhedron corners—(E1 E4), and wherein
- in that this polyhedron surface (A3)—is replaced by the computer—(1)—_by two polyhedron surfaces—(A9, A10), wherein one is defined by the polyhedron corners (E1—E3)—of the polygon—(A3) which are not to be repositioned, and the other is defined by those polyhedron corners—(E1, E3) of the polygon—(A3) which are immediately adjacent to the polyhedron corner (E4)—to be repositioned, and by the

repositioned polyhedron corner (E4').

5. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 3-or-4, wherein

characterized

- in that—the method as claimed in claim 3—and/or—4 is carried out only when a vector (V)—from the polyhedron corner—(E4)—to be repositioned to the repositioned polyhedron corner—(E4') forms an angle other than zero with the polygon—(A3).
- 6. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in one of claims 2 to 5,

characterized

in that wherein the repositioning of the polyhedron corner (E4)—is predetermined for the computer—(1) by the user (9) shifting the polyhedron corner—(E4) along a straight line (10) which is defined before the repositioning of the polyhedron corner—(E4).

7. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 6,

characterized

wherein in that the polyhedron corner (E4)—to be repositioned is selected by the user (9)—before the repositioning, and in that wherein the straight line (10)—is automatically determined by the computer (1)—on the basis of the selected polyhedron corner—(E4).

8. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 6,

characterized

in that wherein the straight line (10) is pre_determined for the computer (1) by the user (9) before the repositioning of the polyhedron corner—(E4).

9. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in one of claims 2-to 7,

characterized

in that wherein a new polyhedron corner (E9, E10) is additionally predetermined for the computer (1) by the user (9) preferably interactively.

- 10. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 9,
- characterized in that wherein the new polyhedron corner (E9, E10)—is predetermined by selection of at least one of a polyhedron edge (for example L1) or and of a polyhedron surface (for example A2), and by subsequently placing the new polyhedron corner (E9, E10)—within the at least one of the selected polyhedron edge (L1)—and or polyhedron surface (A2).
- 11. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in one of claims 2 to 10,

characterized

in that wherein an unnecessary polyhedron corner (E9, E10)—is deleted by the user—(9)—preferably interactively.

12. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 11, wherein

characterized

in that the deletion of the unnecessary polyhedron corner (E9, E10)—by the computer (1)—is permitted only when the unnecessary polyhedron corner (E9, E10)—is a common polyhedron corner (E9, E10)—of at least two mutually adjacent polyhedron surfaces—(for example A11—A14) which lie on a common plane.

13. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in one of claims 2 to 12,

characterized

<u>in that</u> wherein at least one of the polyhedron surfaces (for example A6)—which contain the polyhedron corner (E4)

- to be repositioned is a polygon with more than three polyhedron corners—(E5 E8), and wherein
- in that the user (9) preferably interactively inserts an additional polyhedron edge (L23) which is bounded by two polyhedron corners (for example (E5, E7), which were previously not immediately adjacent, of the polygon (A6).
- 14. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in one of claims 213-to-13,

characterized

in thatwherein an unnecessary polyhedron edge (for example
L18) is deleted by the user (9) preferably interactively.

15. (Currently Amended) The selection method as claimed in claim 14,

characterized

in that wherein the deletion of the unnecessary polyhedron edge (L18) by the computer (1)—is permitted only when the polyhedron surfaces (for example A12, A13) which are adjacent to the unnecessary polyhedron edge (L18) lie on a common plane.

- 16. (Currently Amended) A storage medium in which machine-legible digital control signals (7)—are stored, which interact with a computer (1)—in such a way that, when they are executed by the computer (1)—they result in a selection method as claimed in one of claims 1—to 15.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A computer program product having machine-legible digital program code (7)—which is stored in a data storage medium—(8), for carrying out a selection method as claimed in—one of claims 1—to—15—when the program code (7) is executed by a computer—(1).
- 18. (Currently Amended) A computer program with digital program code—(7) for carrying out a selection method as

claimed in one of claims 1 to 15 when the program code (7)—is executed by a computer—(1).

- 19. (Currently Amended) A computer which is programmed to carry out a selection method as claimed in one of claims 1—to 15.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 1, further comprising: displaying the selected part of the volume via an output medium.
- 21. (New) The selection method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the method as claimed in claim 3 is carried out only when a vector from the polyhedron corner to be repositioned to the repositioned polyhedron corner forms an angle other than zero with the polygon.
- 22. (New) The selection method as claimed in claim 2, wherein a new polyhedron corner is additionally determined for the computer interactively by the user.
- 23. (New) The selection method as claimed in claim 2, wherein an unnecessary polyhedron corner is deleted by the user interactively.
- 24. (New) The selection method as claimed in claim 13, wherein an unnecessary polyhedron edge is deleted by the user interactively.